

# Multi-Tenancy in DataFlex Web Applications

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CRUISING TO NEW HORIZONS

# Agenda

- What is it
- Techniques
- Watch out for
- Licenses



# What is it

- One application serving multiple sets of data
  - For one customer
  - For more customers
- All users (tenants) use the same software but see different sets of data

# Techniques

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# Techniques

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- Shared database
- Separate databases



# Techniques

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Shared database

# Shared database

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- Per entity (Customers, Orders etc)
  - One table for all tenants
    - E.g. orders with a tenant ID column
  - Table per tenant
    - Schema based

# Shared database

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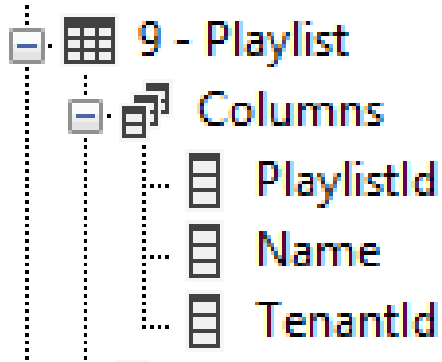
Single table per entity



# Shared database - table

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- Tenant ID column in each table that contain different values per tenant



# Shared database - table

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- Don't forget to store the tenant ID
  - Use DD Creating event
- Make use of
  - Global SQL filters
  - And/or Constraints

# Shared database – table – SQL filters

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- Needs to be set for each table that contains the tenant ID column
- Attributes to set (for each table!)
  - DF\_FILE\_SQL\_FILTER
  - DF\_FILE\_SQL\_FILTER\_ACTIVE
  - DF\_FILE\_SQL\_FILTER\_EQ

# Shared database – table - Constraints

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- Advantages
  - You can see the filter directly in the DD class
  - Guarantee you cannot see records out of scope
- Watch out for inherit constraints
  - It might give no results while it should

# Shared database – Table - Constraints

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- Convert your constraint information to SQL filters automatically
  - Augmented ApplySQLFilter
  - Retrieved DDOConstraints
    - Enumerated through to setup psSQLFilter DDO property

# Shared database

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- Pro

- Easier to update table structure after restructure
  - Not true when using SQL Schema to separate the tenant context sensitive data
- Might perform better

# Shared database

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- Cons

- Size of the database
- Backup and restore of data to/from a backup is more difficult
- Auto increment ID means “nothing”
- Danger of seeing / accessing data from another tenant

# DataFlex Reports

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Filtering data



# DataFlex Reports

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- Connection string
- Filters
  
- Both not needed when using RDS

# DataFlex Reports – Connection string

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- Needs to be set / build when the reports on SQL are deployed on a different machine
  - Isn't that always true?

# Connection string

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```
Procedure ChangeODBCDataSource String sReportId
    tConnection ConnectionData
    Handle hoCLIHandler
    Integer iDriver iClientVersion
    String sDriver sDatabaseConnection

    Get ConnectionIdInfo of ghoConnection "ChinookMT" to ConnectionData
    Get Create (RefClass (cMSSQLHandler)) to hoCLIHandler
    Get DriverIndex of hoCLIHandler ConnectionData.sDriver to iDriver
    Get_Attribute DF_DRIVER_SQLSERVER_CLIENT_VERSION of iDriver to ;
        iClientVersion
    Get SqlServerClientDriverName of hoCLIHandler iClientVersion ;
        to sDriver
    Move ("DRIVER=" + sDriver + ";" + ConnectionData.sConnectionString) ;
        to sDatabaseConnection
    Set psDatabaseConnection sReportId to sDatabaseConnection
    Send Destroy of hoCLIHandler
End_Procedure
```

# Setting Filter

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- Since the database contains the data from multiple tenants don't forget to set the filter for the tenantID column

```
Procedure SetFilters
    String sReportId

    Get psReportId to sReportId
    Set psFilterValue sReportId 0 to giCurrentTenant
End_Procedure
```

# Techniques

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Separate databases

# Separate databases

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- On one SQL server
- On multiple SQL servers
  - Increases scalability

# Separate databases

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- Use `DF_DATABASE_DEFAULT_DATABASE`
  - Compare with using the `USE` statement in an SQL query
  - Can only switch between databases at the same database server
  - Credentials and Schema must be the same
  - Table structure must be identical

# Separate databases

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- Use RedirectConnectionId
  - Method of the cConnection class
  - For better performance keep the connection to the previous used database open
  - Need to be used when using multiple SQL servers
    - DF\_DATABASE\_DEFAULT\_DATABASE won't support multiple SQL servers



# Separate databases

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- Pro
  - Physical separation of the data
  - Simple backup & restore per tenant
  - Simple import & export of data
  - Better scalability

# Separate databases

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- Cons

- Licensing costs could be higher
- Database structure updates more complicated
  - You need to apply changes to all databases and servers
  - Longer downtime

# DataFlex Reports

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Using multiple database servers

# Change connection string

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- Integration wizard can write stub to pickup current connection string and you can alter it to get the report using the right data
- No need for this when using RDS (of course)

# Change connection string

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- On top of the code shown with a single database you need to set the `psDatabaseName` property as this changes

# Windows locale

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- As explained yesterday in the DataFlex Reports update the locale that can be set from v7.0 may be very welcome when switching tenants
  - A tenant could be a different (regional) office in a large company and different products / prices may apply

Watch out for

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# Watch out for

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- User account
- Process pooling
- Use of debugger





# User account

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# User account

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- The user account used by WebApp may not be able to access the SQL server
  - Especially watch out for trusted connection

# Process pooling

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# What is process pooling

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- Invented in early 2000's
- Pool of processes waiting to handle traffic
- Started when webapp server starts
- Extended when busy
- HTTP requests are assigned to processes

# Persistency

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- There is no persistency between requests
  - Requests from a single session are handled by different processes
  - Processes handle requests from different sessions



# Issues – Symptoms

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- Users see data from other sessions
- Users report data gets lost
  - While they were not deleting it!

# Issues - Problems

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- Storing data in memory
  - And assuming it to still be there the next request
    - E.g. RegisterDownloadFolder on one process only
  - Properties (unless they are web properties)
    - E.g. Setting Read\_Only\_State of a DDO
    - E.g. Field\_Changed\_Value of a DDO
  - Using global variables

# Issues - Problems

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- Table buffers (unless synchronized by WAF)
  - Can bring in data from a previous request
  - Users report from time to time they see / have processed data not belonging to them



# Issues - Difficulties

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- You usually only test with a single user
- Application behaves differently when using outside the debugger

# Issues – Solutions

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- Never use regular properties
  - Unless you are really, really sure that it is a single request
  - Use web properties instead
- Make sure all your DDO's are synchronized
  - Use AddDDOStructure
- Make sure all your constraints are properly built

# Debugger

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# Debugger

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- WebApp behaves different outside the debugger
- The debugger emulates a pool of one single process
- WebApp uses a different Windows account
  - Trusted connection might not work

# Licenses

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# Licenses

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- When using WebApp Server for a SaaS solution you need a different license
- SQL Server used for a web application requires a different (more expensive) license
  - Core license (own company only)
  - SPLA license otherwise
  - Not for SQLExpress

# Training

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DataFlex Learning Center

# Video

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- Multi tenancy training
  - <https://learning.dataaccess.com/courses/multi-tenancy/>





# Thank you for listening

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Make use of SQL!